Community Submissions Draft Roadside Conservation Management Plan



Date Received	Theme	Summary of Points	Council Response
17/01/2022		Was unable to find a copy of Councils Fire Management Plan on our website that is cross referenced in section 7.6 Fire Management. Would also like to see more education and awareness on not collecting firewood on high conservation roadsides and consider putting signs up at high conservation roadsides advising of their significance.	Plan is not currently available, new plan being developed which will then be on the emcop link. Link will be updated in references / resources section when plan complete.
17/01/2022	Fire Management	Add Fire Rescue Victoria to Stakeholder section Travis will look at Section 7.6 and make comment on document where they need to be mentioned - No response from Travis and unsure how FRV fit into this section as they do not go off road to deal with fires that are on the roadside.	Have amended plan accordingly
24/01/2022	Fire Management / Weed and Pest Management	Add emcop link to references and resources (this is where most fire management plans can be found) The foreword should include a statement that the priority of roads is for safe transport, as opposed to 'functional'. To provide clarity the foreword should specify that this plan is a guidance/reference document of information on the legislative requirements of roadside conservation. 1.2 The road maintenance envelope should make clear it includes roadside drains. Roadside drains are a relevant infrastructure (RMP) for the function of the carriageway. 1.3 It should be made clear that vermin control is permitted on roadsides, and that in relation to fire prevention the Council is accountable for this role. As noted in the Inspector General report of the 2019-20 fires. 1.5 Again, make clear that the Council has a critical role and accountability in fire management. 2.2 There is an inherent conflict in providing wildlife corridors in habitat on roadsides. The conflict needs to be acknowledged clearly and the main purpose of roads – for safe transport—should be restated. Conservation should be managed as should fire prevention. The Local Laws must be reviewed to reflect this and amended to allow crash grazing. 2.3 Remove the term 'adjacent lands' under Disturbance and edge effects. 1.4 Is should be clearly identified that Council is responsible for fire prevention management and that the priority of roads is for safe transport. 3.3 Section 52.16 and 52.17 should appear in an attachment as are critical sections. Particularly the section the parts of this section that gives direction to the steps to take for the removal of native vegetation (as attached). 3.8 Clarity is required as to whether landholders and land managers have responsibility and accountability under the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994. Section 37 of the CALP Act states that a land management Plan needs to be publicly available. 5.1 The exemptions for vegetation removal in road drainage systems need to be listed. Council outdoor staff n	Foreword updated 1.2 this section includes the drain 1.3 Rabbits are listed, fire risk is listed as an objective however this is not the correct section to expand on Councils responsibility in fire management 1.5 This section is just to list the stakeholders and which roads are managed by those stakeholders it does not go into detail of all the responsibilities. 2.2 This section is giving an overview of the important vegetation and communities that can be found on roadsides and does not go into Councils responsibility for road management and fire management that is covered in section 7 under the specific activities 2.3 adjacent land removed and section already states that Council works with CFA to develop treatments as a part of the Municipal Fire Prevention Strategy (Councils responsibilities in fore management will be addressed further in section 7) 3.3 There are links to DELWP documents in the References and Resources section and section 3.3 has been updated to advise this. 3.8 Ag vic website clearly states that landholders and land managers have a responsibility under the Calp Act to control noxious weeds. 3.18 Agree this needs to be made public and when the new plan has been finalised and endorsed it will be available on EMCOP and i will discuss having it also available on our RCoW website. 5.1 I have provided a link to the road safety exemption in the resources section, I have also added an action to train our field services crew in how to use and understand this exemption. 5.4 Cleary states what councils responsibility is under the Calp Act 7.6 have refined this section and added an action to work with Community Compliance Team to review and update the local Laws which are due for review.
20/01/2022	Pest Management	In general I consider the RCMP a step in the right direction and includes the myriad of factors need to be considered in roadside conservation management. There is one exception I can see. Under Pest Plant and Animals there should be considerations given to pest pathogens such as cinnamon fungus. This is a serious threat to many species in the Warby Ovens Nat Park to such an extent that many roads and walking trails are closed to reduce its spread. It is also a threat to neighbouring orchards in the area who have to take measures to prevent the movement of native animals that may carry the spores. Control measures, such as cleaning earth moving equipment, are fairly easy and should be routine. More learned conservationists and biologist may also point out other pathogens, such as phylloxera, that also need to be mentioned and control measures implemented.	Have included pest pathogens (cinnamon fungus) to section 2.3 Threats to Roadside Biodiversity under Pest and Weed infestation
18/01/2022		The 2021 Roadside Conservation Management Plan is a very good document but fails to address one of the key objectives outlined in section 1.3 to Identify and protect cultural and heritage values. This is particularly important because many of the significant marked/scarred trees are old and in fact many are dead and therefore not identified as important and are thus subject to indiscriminate removal by burning or for firewood collection. For a more complete plan I suggest that the RCMP should recognize that there has been no systematic identification of Aboriginal Cultural values and the RCoW will work towards collecting this information over the next 2-3 years, whilst noting that a trial to develop a suitable methodology is being currently developed by RCoW and a qualified contractor. This should be acknowledged in the scope as a limitation of the RCMP which council is working to rectify. Some suggestions might be the following: -When assessing tenders prospective roadside works contractors endeavour to gage the level of awareness tenders demonstrate in cultural knowledge. -Insure all council staff involved in roadside planning and operations are sufficiently skilled in cultural heritage identification. -Map all sites reported by observant staff and contractors for value assessment by accredited Cultural Heritage Officers with a view to registering such sites if appropriate. -Ensure VicRoads are up dated on all components of cultural heritage significance where they possess a management interest. -Engage appropriate Traditional Owners to assess the cultural, historic, and spiritual values of each site.	Have included in section 1.3 our current position relating to Culturally Significant sites and the current study underway. Have include an action to train Council staff including depot crew in Cultural Heritage identification RRV have their own policies and procedures and have a dedicated Cultural Heritage Officer
21/01/2022	Conservation Management	Added minor changes / suggestions direct to document.	incorporated changes and suggestions

20/01/2022	Fire Management / Conservation Management / Weed Management	Adequately consider the priorities in the Municipal Fire Management Plan through consultation with the CFA District and relevant brigade. Additional dot point recommended: Following rehabilitation and enhancement works maturing vegetation should be assessed to ensure adequate and appropriate access for future fire suppression can be maintained. 7.6 Fire Management —	The NRM and Sustainability team work closely with the CFA and assess proposed roadside treatments every 3 years and agree that appropriately targeted and timed planned fire and mechanical fuel reduction activities not only reduce fire risk but can support the aims and benefits of the roadside conservation. 7.4 - paragraph 2 has removed that section that said tree density should be no more than double the EVC density. All plantings should stay within the EVC guidelines for tree density. All of point 1 changed and additional dot point included into plan. 7.6 is this change from 25mm to 50mm for fine fuels something that has been changed across the fire management policies / plans or is this something they would like to see changed (no change has been made to plan yet until further discussion takes place) 7.23 Weed Control - this section is about what property owns can do on roadsides regarding weed control and this does not include the use of fire. It also covers off on the weed management Council do which does not include fire. At the moment fire activities are only undertaken by CFA for fire hazard reduction prescriptions.
24/01/2022	Fire Management	First of all I would like to comment on the present roadsides. They are very unsightly and a huge fire risk when they dry out. I would not send a fire tanker up some of our roads as they stand at the moment as they would get trapped. Paspalum, Phalaris and wild oats have taken over in a big way and must be controlled. Reference was made about grazing those roadsides but the conditions on the Council's permits make it too onerous for stockowners to abide by, plus very few farmers have the time to put stock on roads as most of the younger generation have day time jobs off farm to make ends meet. Grazing would be the best way of controlling the above weeds but it will need a new approach. My other concern is the roots of trees on the sides of the roads are damaging road surfaces especially bitumen roads. These roads have become very dangerous and need attention. Trees have their place in the environment but should be out in paddocks not along roads, they drop limbs which will fall on vehicles and also fall across property fences letting stock onto roads which could lead to road deaths. Another concern is the slashing of roadsides for the protection of houses and property. I believe the area along the roadsides should be extended so landholders can create better fire protection and be allowed to clean up the above area so they can slash without damaging their machinery. One other thing is the envelope area that all roads should have. Machinery is getting larger every year and it is impossible to travel up a lot roads without damaging vital parts of machines. Burning parts of roads would be a benefit but again it comes down to not enough volunteers to man fire trucks plus the red tape to do the operation is too demanding. I have lived in the same house for nearly 77years and I have never seen a lot of the roadsides around here as bad as they are at this time. They are like a jungle.	Natural areas are not manicured and can be perceived as unsightly. The feedback here is more in relation to the state of the road asset and associated infrastructure not the conservation of the roadside. No changes made to document.
28/01/2022		We wish to congratulate Council on the development of this plan. Having read the plan and in particular comparing it with the Roadside Conservation Management Plan 2014 make the following comments. The introduction concisely establishes the importance of the management and conservation of roadside habitat. It additionally comprehensively documents risks and threats and management principles to address these. This document is user friendly in its format and benefits by being concise. The inclusion of mapping within the body of the document greatly enhances its utility. The role of landholders and Landcare Groups in protecting and enhancing roadside ecology is acknowledged and this will be appreciated by those who have actively contributed toward achieving these positive on ground outcomes. We fully support the adoption of this document as a Council Plan.	
28/01/2022		1.3 Objectives: Cultural & Heritage- There needs to be a greater emphasis on the inclusion of Indigenous Groups. Our Landcare Group has a long association with the Bpangerang people in the RCOW. We wish to see a greater partnership between Council and the Bpangerang in roadside conservation, particularly in recognizing and protecting cultural sites. The current version of the document fails to address one of the key objectives outlined in this section to identify and protect cultural and heritage values. Our comments include references to the submission by Uncle Darren (Dozer) Aklinson (a member of our management committee). With his permission I have included some of that submission here. Please refer to Mr Atkinson's submission for the full detail which our Group supports. This is particularly important because many of the significant marked/scarred trees are old and in fact many are dead and therefore not identified as important and are thus subject to indiscriminate removal by burning or for firewood collection. For a more complete plan I suggest that the RCMP should recognize that there has been no systematic identification of Aboriginal Cultural values to date. That RCOW will work towards collecting this information over the next 2-3 years, whilst noting that a trial to develop a suitable methodology is being currently developed by RCOW and a qualified contractor. This should be acknowledged in the scope as a limitation of the RCMP which council is working to rectify. Section 1.5 Stakeholders: Landholders need to be better engaged with RCOW staff. We recognize there are competing values on roadsides. How Council can achieve a No Net Loss of Roadside Vegetation approach is difficult. One of the biggest issues is regulation and enforcement. Pest Plant and Animals there should be considerations given to pest pathogens such as cinamon fungus. This is a serious threat to many species in the Warby Ovens National Park to such an extent that many roads and walking trails are closed to reduce its spread. It is al	I have expanded on Cultural Heritage and the study that is going to take place. I have included pathogens (cinnamon fungis) in the threats section. We have had updated mapping undertaken by a qualified consultant on weeds on our roadside and this has been added including mapping to section 5.4 Pest Plan and animal control.

28/01/2022	Fire Management	The Wangaratta Group of Fire Brigades supports the objective of the RCMP in promoting good management of roadside vegetation. The Wangaratta Group of Brigades Management Team (GMT) understands the need for a considered document that "will guide actions within the road reserves to promote good management of roadside vegetation". There is no doubt that there is a plethora of Policies and Legislations that need to be considered when discussing the management of the RCOW road network. We agree that the "RCMP must be consistent with other Council policies in road management, fire management and emergency planning." Particularly relevant is the RCOW Fire Management Plan and the associated Fire Management Plan Roads & Rail Trail (FMP-R&RT). The stated objectives of the FMP-R&RT are around the safety of the lives of road users, the prevention & containment of fires and recovery from fire impacts on our road network. Our view is that the RCMP must be viewed in the context of these objectives. The draft RCMP does not provide a clear connection with the objectives of the FMP-R&RT in its position as a key policy for RCOW. Clause 3.18 Fire Management acknowledges the existence of the RCOW Fire Management Plan-Roads and Rail Trail. But beyond a very brief description, there is no detail as to how these two policies relate to each other in terms of hierarchy and how they are intended to support specific objectives. A prime example of the effect of this toul in the discussion of Threats to Biodiversity in Clause 2.3 of the RCMP. The very broad statement is made that "Fire management needs to balance the hazards from accumulated fuel loads with the ecological requirements of roadside communities." The RCMP falls to provide real guidance here regarding what are acceptable levels of accumulated fuel loads. The emphasis of the document seems to be on the non-disturbance of native flora as much as possible. We believe this understates the risk from over abundant fine fuels that native & exotic grasses and plants can contribute o	The RCMP is a guidance document only on road side activities, it is not a policy or a fire management document therefore does not sit above any fire management plan and guides you to those plans for how fire risks are to be managed. There was also plenty of opportunities to discuss the RCMP during the 8 week consultation period and staff were present at Moyhu, Springhurst and the library, there were also 2 online sessions. No updated have been made to the plan.
28/01/2022	Conservation Management / Firewood / Compliance	I wish to make a submission in relation to the Draft Roadside Conservation Management Plan, particularly in relation to: * The clearance* riceaning up* of roadsides for amenity purposes * Roadside firewood collection * Compilance with this plan by Road workers* contractors * Conservation values of particular roads * Generalty! support the Draft Roadside Conservation Management Plan and its aims and actions as it takes a balanced approach to managing roadside environmental values along with other functions on the road reserves. I offeet though that the above areas should be given greater attention as per the detail below. * The clearance* riceaning up* of roadsides for amenity purposes * The plan recognizes the threat to roadside conservation values of "cleaning up* of roadsides for amenity purposes with shrubs removed, every bit of untidy plant material slashed or piled up and burnt. The cumulative impact on biodiversity is considerable as more and more properties "beautify! the adjoining roadsides and in the process destroy the remaining habitat values. Is nowed areas read-addised as the landscape. Any extended length where the habitat has been removed, essentially destroys the corridor, potentially isolating remnant populations. I believe this amenity beautification clearance of roadsides should be specifically listed as a separate threat to Roadside Conservation values. **Roadside Entered on Conservation and actions to milispant actions of removing native vegetation. **Graddistance of roadside conservation Management Plan gives considerable attention to road side firewood collection. The Draft Roadside Conservation Management Plan gives considerable attention to road side firewood collection. The Draft Roadside Conservation Management Plan gives considerable attention to road side firewood collection. The Draft Roadside Conservation Mana	The clearance/ "cleaning up" of roadsides for amenity purposes - paragraph has been added to section 2.3 Threats to roadside biodiversity. Roadside firewood collection - Commercial firewood is not permitted on roadsides and there is a permit system in place where firewood can only be collected for personal use on low value roadsides. I have updated section 7.7 to make this clear. There is an action to educate the community that firewood collection is illegal and to notify Council if you spot someone collecting on roadsides. Council is also taking action on illegal clearing of roadsides. Compliance with this plan by Road workers/ contractors There is an action to train staff in the area and funds have already been sourced for an external trainer **Conservation values of particular roads - I have sent through the roads of concern to have Steve Hamilton look at the Conservation Value and see if we need to make changes.